Source: Country reports. Legend: Y = yes, N = no, C = case based, · = no report, ASR: age-standardised rate

The overall confirmed case rate in 2014 was 1.24 cases per 100,000 population, which is the highest rate observed during the period 2010–2014. The individual country rates completed because both patients were undocumented residents.

The number of cases increased during the summer months, and a smaller upsurge was observed in January. This reflects most probably travel patterns.

The highest notification rates were reported in males in age groups 15–24 and 25–44 years. The notification rate in 2014 was 1.24 cases per 100,000 population.

The worldwide decrease in malaria incidence did not yet result in a decrease of travel-related cases reported in the EU/EEA. Therefore, awareness among travellers and vigilance remain needed regarding transmission through travellers, particularly among those visiting friends and relatives in endemic countries, should be maintained high.

The number of confirmed cases of malaria in the EU/EEA increased from 2010 to 2014, with 2014 being the highest year during the period 2010–2014. The overall confirmed case rate in 2014 was 1.24 cases per 100,000 population, which is the highest rate observed during the period 2010–2014.